IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:

BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA AND DELAWARE BSA, LLC,¹

Debtors.

Chapter 11

Case No. 20-10343 (LSS)

(Jointly Administered)

Ref. D.I.: 5461

DEBTORS' OBJECTION TO MOVING INSURERS' MOTION TO ADJOURN THE HEARING TO CONSIDER APPROVAL OF DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND SOLICITATION PROCEDURES FOR THE THIRD AMENDED CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION FOR BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA AND DELAWARE BSA, LLC

Boy Scouts of America (the "BSA") and Delaware BSA, LLC, the non-profit corporations that are debtors and debtors in possession in the above-captioned chapter 11 cases (together, the "Debtors"), by and through their undersigned counsel, hereby object to the *Moving Insurers' Motion to Adjourn the Hearing to Consider Approval of Disclosure Statement and Solicitation Procedures for the Third Amended Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization for Boy Scouts of America and Delaware BSA. LLC [D.I. 5461] (the "Motion")² and state as follows:*

OBJECTION

This week, after months of mediation, the Debtors achieved a breakthrough with the TCC, FCR, Coalition, JPM, UCC and AHCLC—*i.e.*, every significant creditor constituency in these cases. The Debtors moved quickly to file an RSA memorializing the terms of this

¹ The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, together with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number, are as follows: Boy Scouts of America (6300) and Delaware BSA, LLC (4311). The Debtors' mailing address is 1325 West Walnut Hill Lane, Irving, Texas 75038.

² Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings set forth in the Motion.

agreement [D.I. 5466], and are working diligently to file the full collection of deal documents later today. The Debtors' actions are consistent not only with their unflagging efforts to achieve a global resolution that will allow the Debtors successfully to emerge from bankruptcy and preserve their vital charitable mission, but also to keep all parties informed of their progress every step of the way. That is why, as the Moving Insurers acknowledge in their Motion, the Debtors have regularly filed revised plan documents and frequently reached out to the Moving Insurers with updated drafts and information. The Motion, however, claims that unless the Court forces the Debtors to file their amended plan (much of which is unchanged since the last version filed in mid-June) on a full 28 days' notice, the Moving Insurers will be unduly prejudiced. As explained below, this argument is premised on a false statement of the record, lacks merit, and is just another delay tactic by the Moving Insurers that threatens to derail the Debtors' hard-won progress.

The Court should deny the Motion for at least four reasons:

First, the Motion is premised on the false claim that the Moving Insurers' deadline to object to the Debtors' Disclosure Statement is July 8, giving the Moving Insurers "less than a week over a holiday weekend to review and brief objections." Mot. ¶ 17. That statement was false when written: before the Motion was filed, the Debtors agreed to extend the Moving Insurers' objection deadline by five days, to July 13. See Ex. A, July 1, 2021 email from Derek Abbott to Stamoulis Stamatios. Indeed, after filing the Motion, the Moving Insurers acknowledged their misstatement of the record by filing an amended motion to shorten notice—

³ See also Second Amended Notice of Hearing to Consider Approval of Disclosure Statement and Solicitation Procedures for the Third Amended Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization for Boy Scouts of America and Delaware BSA, LLC [D.I. 5463] (providing notice of the extended Disclosure Statement objection deadline to July 13, 2021).

but not an amended Motion—which admits that "the Debtors . . . offered [] to extend the Disclosure Statement Objection Deadline to July 13, 2021." *See* D.I. 5467 ("<u>Amended Motion to Shorten</u>") ¶ 7. The Moving Insurers will have nearly twice the amount of time they claim in the Motion—11 days from the filing of the revised Plan and Disclosure Statement, rather than six—to file their objections.

Second, the Moving Insurers imply that the Debtors have acted in bad faith, asserting that the Moving Insurers were only "ostensibly" invited to attend the mediation and were improperly "excluded" from sessions between the Debtors and the Claimants' Representatives. Motion ¶ 15. This is a distortion of the record. The Moving Insurers cite no evidence showing that the mediation—which was conducted over the course of months under the supervision of three highly qualified mediators—excluded them. To the contrary, the Debtors have participated in dozens of virtual and in-person mediation sessions with the Moving Insurers. And it is routine for mediation sessions to include a subset of participants, particularly in the context of a large, multi-party mediation. Indeed, the Debtors have frequently attended sessions including only their insurers. The Moving Insurers also admit that the Debtors promptly shared with them the results from the Debtors' sessions with the Claimants' Representatives. See, e.g., Motion ¶ 14 (stating that "following meetings between the Debtors and the Claimants' Representatives . . . the Debtors filed" the revised Plan and Disclosure Statement); id. ¶ 2 (stating that the Debtors shared a revised RSA and TDP with the Moving Insurers on June 25).4

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⁴ The objections that the Moving Insurers make to certain terms of the Debtors' settlement with the TCC, FCR and Coalition are not properly raised in the context of a disclosure statement objection. They also lack merit. In particular, the Debtors' agreement to pay the Coalition's professional fees is eminently reasonable, given that settling with the Coalition will allow the Debtors to avoid protracted litigation that could have resulted in costs and expenses far in excess of those fees.

Third, the Motion fails to identify any prejudice to the Moving Insurers justifying the requested adjournment. The Debtors filed their initial amended Plan and Disclosure Statement on March 1, 2021. Throughout the nearly five months that have followed, many of the Plan terms—including the terms most relevant to the Moving Insurers—have remained unchanged or were revised long ago. For example, the language regarding insurance neutrality, which the Moving Insurers specifically identify as "important" (see Motion at 3, n.2), has not changed since the June 17 Plan, which was filed more than 28 days before the July 20 hearing date. Moreover, as the Moving Insurers acknowledge, the Debtors have taken great pains to keep the Moving Insurers informed of proposed changes to the Plan, sending the Moving Insurers a revised TDP, RSA and term sheet as recently as June 25. See Motion ¶¶ 2, 13, 16. Additionally, the Moving Insurers have already collectively filed more than 80 pages of objections to the Debtors' Disclosure Statement (see D.I. 3856 (Century's Disclosure Statement objection); D.I. 3523 (AIG Companies' Disclosure Statement objection); D.I. 3478 (Zurich Insurers' Disclosure Statement objection)), undermining the claim that they will be "jammed" by the need to prepare Disclosure Statement objections without a further 28 days to do so. Motion ¶ 18. Indeed, debtors routinely amend their plans without providing 28 days' notice with every turn.⁵ And as the Moving Insurers acknowledge, many of the changes that the Debtors have made as a result of the settlement with the TCC, FCR and Coalition simplify the Plan, further weakening any claim of prejudice. See, e.g., Motion ¶ 2 (noting that "there are now one set" of TDPs "rather than two").

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⁵ See, e.g., In re Mallinckrodt PLC, et al., Case No. 20-12522 (JTD) (revised disclosure statement and plan filed six days before disclosure statement hearing, and disclosure statement approved); In re GNC Holdings, Inc., Case No. 20-11662 (KBO) (revised disclosure statement and plan filed eight days and three days, respectively, before disclosure statement hearing, and disclosure statement approved).

Fourth, Imerys, on which the Moving Insurers purport to rely, is inapt. In Imerys, the debtors filed a revised disclosure statement, plan, trust distribution procedures and solicitation order a mere two days before the scheduled disclosure statement hearing and substantially after the objection deadline had passed. On this basis, several parties, including the U.S. Trustee, requested an adjournment of the disclosure statement hearing. This Court granted that request for two main reasons: (i) this Court found two days' notice to be insufficient and (ii) this Court wanted the benefit of written objections. See generally Ex. B, Oct. 6, 2021 Hr'g Tr., In re Imerys Talc America, Inc., Case No. 19-10289 (LSS) (Bankr. D. Del. 2019). Neither concern applies here, where the Debtors are filing revised documents more than two weeks before the proposed disclosure statement hearing and 11 days before objections are due, and have worked diligently to provide updated drafts of documents as they became available to the Moving Insurers and other parties in interest.⁶

CONCLUSION

For these reasons, the Debtors respectfully request that the Court deny the Motion.

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⁶ In light of the Debtors' agreement to extend the Moving Insurers' objection deadline to July 13, the motion to shorten notice was moot before it was filed and should have been withdrawn rather than amended. Inexplicably, the Amended Motion to Shorten continues to seek shortened notice on the false premise that the Motion needs to be heard before the Moving Insurers' non-existent July 8 objection deadline. *See* Amended Motion to Shorten Notice at 1 ("The Moving Insurers respectfully move to shorten notice . . . so that the [Motion] may be heard at a date and time convenient for the Court before the July 8, 2021 deadline to object to the Debtors' revised Disclosure Statement."); *id.* ¶ 1 ("Cause exists to shorten notice of the hearing scheduled for July 20, 2021 (with objections due on July 8, 2021)"); *id.* ¶ 4 ("The current deadline for the Disclosure Statement is July 8, 2021."). While the Debtors have chosen to respond expeditiously to the Motion so as to correct the record, the Debtors reserve the right to supplement this objection and thus object to the Amended Motion to Shorten to the extent it seeks to limit the rights of the Debtors or any other party based on an uncorrected objection deadline.

Dated: July 2, 2021

Wilmington, Delaware

/s/ Paige N. Topper

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ATTORNEYS FOR THE DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION

Exhibit A

July 1, 2021 email from Derek Abbott to Stamoulis Stamatios

Hershey, Sam

From: Abbott, Derek <DAbbott@morrisnichols.com>

Sent: Thursday, July 1, 2021 12:10 PM

To: Stamoulis Stamatios

Subject: BSA

Stam, we will not consent to the motion you described but are willing allow you an extension of the objection deadline until 7/13.

Derek

DEREK C. ABBOTT

Partner

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Exhibit B

Oct. 6, 2021 Hr'g Tr., In re Imerys Talc America, Inc., Case No. 19-10289 (LSS) (Bankr. D. Del. 2019)

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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

IN RE: Chapter 11

IMERYS TALC AMERICA, INC., . Case No. 19-10289 (LSS)

et al.,

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(Jointly Administered)

DEBTORS Wednesday, October 7, 2020

..... 10:30 a.m.

Courtroom No. 2 824 North Market Street Wilmington, Delaware 19801

TRANSCRIPT OF TELEPHONIC CONFERENCE ON MOTION TO ADJOURN THE HEARING TO CONSIDER APPROVAL OF THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR SECOND AMENDED JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION OF IMERYS TALC AMERICA, INC. AND ITS DEBTOR AFFILIATES UNDER CHAPTER 11 OF THE BANKRUPTY CODE [DOCKET NO. 2290]

BEFORE THE HONORABLE LAURIE SELBERT SILVERSTEIN UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

TELEPHONIC APPEARANCES:

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For the U.S. Trustee: Linda Richenderfer

OFFICE OF THE U.S. TRUSTEE

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                  (Audio Recording Begins.)
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            THE COURT: Good morning, counsel. This is
 3 Judge Silverstein. We're here on the Imerys Talc
  America, Inc. case; Case number 19-10289 for a status
  conference and, I guess, also in response to a motion
  to adjourn the disclosure statement hearing.
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            Ginger, can you please remind everyone of
  the protocol for the hearing?
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            COURT CLERK: It is extremely important that
10 you put your phones on mute when you are not speaking.
11 When speaking, please do not have your phone on
12 speaker as it creates feedback and background noise
13 and it makes it very difficult to hear you clearly.
14 Also, it is very important that you state your name
15 each and every time you speak for an accurate record.
16 Your cooperation in this matter is greatly
17 appreciated. Thank you.
18
            THE COURT: Okay.
                               Thank you. Let me start
19 by saying that even before I got the motion to adjourn
20 the disclosure statement hearing, I was considering
21 having a status conference to determine where we are
22 and whether we're really prepared to go forward
23 tomorrow given that at the time that we were looking
24 for the disclosure statement hearing earlier this
25 week, it had not been filed, the amended disclosure
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1 statement, which I envisioned would have to come given 2 that I had been working off of the previous disclosure 3 statements and documents that were filed, I think 4 around August 12th and as we all know, there were 5 developments that happened since that time. 6 So, that is to say that I am somewhat amenable to moving the hearing. So, let me start with 8 Ms. Posin, if you are going to be addressing this or whoever from the debtor's side is going to be 10 addressing why we're in a position to go forward with 11 the disclosure statement hearing given that the 12 objections that I have are geared toward a disclosure 13 statement that's no longer relevant. 14 MS. POSIN: Yes, Your Honor. Good morning. 15 | Kim Posin of Latham and Watkins, counsel for the 16 debtors. Your Honor, as you noted several times in 17 18 this case and more recently in the last couple of 19 months, the debtors continue to believe that it's in 20 the best interest of their estate to move these cases 21 forward. We have been in bankruptcy now for 20 months 22 and therefore, we would request that the Court permit 23 the debtors and the planned proponents to proceed with 24 the disclosure statement hearing tomorrow and allow

25 the debtors to send the second amended disclosure

statement and plan out for voting.

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2 The hearing scheduled for tomorrow relates 3 solely to the adequacy of the disclosures in the 4 disclosure statement and of course any and all 5 objections from any of the parties that have objected 6 thus far to the content of the plan of the adequacy of 7 the concepts that are laid set forth in the plan, of course are completely reserved and can be addressed at confirmation.

The debtors, as the Court just noted, did 11|file our initial plan of disclosure statement back on $12\,|\,\mathrm{May}\ 15^\mathrm{th}$, almost five months ago now. We did file a 13 amended plan of disclosure statement on August 12th, 14 almost two months ago, and of course we did file our original TDP and the trust agreement 27 days ago on 16 September 10th.

As the Court is -- is going to hear this 18 morning and saw in the papers that the movants filed, 19 after working through revisions with each of the other 20 planned proponents over the last 10 days or so since 21 the Court entered the order denying J&J's stay motion, 22 as well as with settling parties, Rio Tinto and 23 Zurich, the debtors filed our amended plan of 24 disclosure statement and an amended TDP that the Court 25 noted on Monday.

1 However, I think the important note is if you look at the black lines that were filed with all 3 three of those documents on Monday, which I'd 4 certainly be happy to walk the Court through as 5 appropriate, you will see very clearly there were 6 very, very minimal changes made from the prior documents. With respect to the plan of disclosure statement, the only substantive revisions included the following: one is revising a handful of definitions simply to conform to the definitions that were used in 11 the TDP that was filed on September 10th. 12 The second, as the Court has already noted, 13 are revisions to reflect the denial of the J&J stay That -- that hearing was held on September 14 motion. $15 \mid 23 \text{rd}$, the order was entered September 25^{th} , not that 16 long ago, and removing the J&J protocol order language from the plan of disclosure statement as a result of 18 the denial of J&J's motion, and adding a preservation

The third substantive revision is the 24 revision to the timeline. Of course, because our 25|original disclosure statement was set to be heard back

of rights with respect to J&J, which is substantially

similar to the treatment of J&J that was set forth in

the May 15th plan that has been outstanding for, again,

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almost five months.

1 in June and now our disclosure statement may not be 2 heard, you know, until tomorrow or later, we course 3 had to address the confirmation timeline accordingly 4 and -- culminating in a currently planned confirmation 5 hearing on December 17th and then finally, we disclosed 6 that we are proceeding with mediation, which we are 7 pleased to report to the Court with another insurance company, XL (phonetic) Insurance Company, later this month and we are in discussions with other insurers to 10 also proceed with mediation with them as well. That's it. That's the full -- that's the 11 12|sum of all of the changes. I know the movants say 13 that the changes are dramatic, but that's it and as 14 far as the TDP's, it's exactly the same. The only 15 substantive changes made to the TDP from the original 16 version that was filed September 10th is to remove the J&J protocol language and to make it clear that J&J stay motion was denied by this Court. As the movants noted in their motion and the 19 20 Court has already noted today, it should be no surprise to anybody, certainly nobody on this call or 21 any of the movants, or any of the joining parties, that the disclosure statement and plan had to be revised to reflect the denial of J&J's stay motion. 25 I think it's also worth noting, Your Honor,

1 that the movants here putting it by the joining parties, which I'll get to in a minute, are J&J, which 3 is a co-defendant and indemnitor and several insurance companies and to be clear, none of the insurers, to my 5 knowledge, have liquidated claims against these 6 estates and likely want to be to vote on the plan and as to J&J, they did file a 20 million dollar indemnity claim, which we have objected to and we have asked the Court to disallow that claim in full.

10 As to the insurers specifically, they will 11 all receive full neutrality under the terms of the plan. Those neutrality provisions are set forth very clearly in the plan and they are found in Section They have not changed since the original plan was filed five months ago -- are identical. They are 16 substantially identical to other similar neutrality provisions that have been approved multiple times in the Third Circuit and they ensure that the rights of each of the insurers are fully preserved.

In any event, if any of the insurers do not 21 agree with the scope or substance of those neutrality provisions despite all of the things that I just noted, then they have a full and fair opportunity to raise those issues with the Court at confirmation.

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Now, as to J&J, the operative plan documents

1 now provide that all J&J's rights and obligations to 2 the debtors will simply be transferred to the trust, 3 along with all of the rest of the debtors remaining 4 Talc assets. This treatment is also substantially 5 similar to the treatment that J&J received under the 6 original May 15^{th} plan and provides as follows, and I want to -- I want to quote because I think this is important. The plan provides, quote, "subject to section" -- currently -- Subject to Section 11.5.5 of 10 the plan, which relates to the Rio Zurich settlement, 11 nothing contained in the plan, the plan documents, which include the TDP or the confirmation order 13 including any provision that proports to be (indiscernible) shall in any way operate or have the effect of impairing, altering, supplementing, changing, expanding, decreasing, or modifying the J&J indemnification rights and obligations and Section 18 7.7E of the plan further provides that for all issues 19 relating to J&J's indemnification rights and obligations, the provisions, terms, conditions, and 21 limitations of any agreements underlying the J&J indemnification rights and obligations shall control. 23 So, again, Your Honor, to the extent that 24 J&J has any concerns with the substance of those preservation provisions, they will have a full and

1 fair opportunity to discuss that with Court at 2 confirmation. It doesn't affect the adequacy of the 3 disclosures, which is the sole purpose of the hearing 4 tomorrow.

5 Now, you know, we had originally included 6 very similar language as I noted, frankly less 7 protective language than is in the plan now in our May 8 15th plan disclosure statement. The only reason why we 9 ever changed those provisions in our August 12th plan 10 of disclosure statement was because we had all of the 11 parties that are on this call today or many of them, 12 certainly the movants, demanding that we do so in 13 order to reflect J&J's stay motion. Based on those 14 objections, we did that. Now that the Court has 15 denied that motion, we've reverted back to our 16 original plan, which is to preserve those rights for determination at -- at a later date, and again, to the 18 extent J&J has concerns, they can raise those at 19 confirmation.

As to the joining parties, so, late last 21 night and then five minutes before this hearing, I saw 22 that there were two plaintiffs groups, ad hoc groups, 23 that (indiscernible) joinders. As to the joinder that 24 was filed late last night, the joining party, which 25|appears to be a law firm represented by another law

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1 firm, I don't know that law firm -- I presume that 2 original law firm, the movants, or the joining party, 3 has -- represents plaintiffs, but I don't understand 4 how that law firm itself has standing, but in any 5 event, nobody has reached out to us. We heard from 6 these folks, both groups, back in June when they filed their original objection to our May disclosure statement and plan. I have not heard a word from them They have not filed anything in these cases 10 until the documents were filed last night and this 11 morning and as the Court asked me at the hearing two weeks ago, I think -- it must've been two weeks ago, 13 whether we had engaged in other parties and I told the Court, call me, my number and my email address are on all of our papers, call me. Let's talk. I haven't 16 heard a word. Nobody on this -- on this phone -- on this call today or at least that I can see on this 18 Zoom have reached out and that includes the ad hoc I haven't heard a word from them since June. 20 So, for all these reasons, Your Honor, 21|because we don't believe that the plan of disclosure statement -- what we've heard today or what we've 23 heard in the motion is that parties need additional 24 time because we've made substantive changes to the 25|documents. That's simply not true. All we did was

1 reflect the Court's September 23rd ruling and to revert 2 back to preservation of J&J's indemnification rights 3 to be dealt with at a later date with a trust. That's 4 all we did and as such, because we believe that the 5 plaintiff's groups are adequate -- let me take a step There is one voting class here. There is one impaired class of voting. That is the class of Talc personal injury claimants, which is the vast majority of which, if not all, is made up of direct Talc claimants. Those direct Talc claimants are ably 11 represented by a committee of 11 members, of which 12|selected by United States Trustee back in 2019 and it 13 adequately represents the interest of both (indiscernible) ovarian cancer claims and (indiscernible). To the extent the draining parties 16 believe that they know something better or different that those 11 members, they have a full and fair opportunity to ask the United States Trustee to put them onto the committee. 20 We have a committee in these cases, in Chapter 11 cases for a reason, and we believe that 21 this committee adequately represents the rights of 23 those parties. Certainly, parties have an ability to come in. We are not objecting to that ability and 25|those folks certainly have done so, but we have spent

1 a significant amount of time negotiating the plan of 2 disclosure statement with -- with the committee and 3 with the FCR, which represents the future claimants in 4 this case and all of them -- or the committee and the 5 FCR and also the (indiscernible) in the non-debtor 6 affiliates fully support this plan. They believe that 7 it is appropriate under the circumstances and it is in 8 the best interest of their constituents and it should go out to vote. 10 My understanding is they also do believe 11 ultimately, despite what you may have seen in the 12 joining parties that filed their documents last night 13 and this morning, they do believe that the vote --14 that the plan in the statement will be well received 15 and that they will be able to achieve the vote that is 16 required by Section -- by 24G of the plan -- oh, sorry, the bankruptcy code. 171 18 So, for all of those reasons, Your Honor, we 19 don't see a reason why we should not, you know, 20 proceed with the hearing tomorrow. 21 MS. RICHENDERFER: Your Honor, if I could? 22 This is Linda Richenderfer from the Office of the 23 United States Trustee. I wanted to make it clear that 24 while we have not filed anything, we do join in the 25| request also, that the hearing be adjourned, I -- Ms.

Sarcasion (phonetic) and I were discussing the
situation we found ourselves in yesterday and we're
going to reach out to the Court with an email copy to
everyone and we were beaten to the punch, so to speak.
So, no need to join in a request that it be adjourned
since this hearing was going forward today.

So, I just want to make it clear that the

So, I just want to make it clear that the U.S. Trustee also believes that this needs to be adjourned. We barely had time to look at the black 10 lines and U.S. Trustee's objection was two-fold. 11 was based on the fact that the disclosure statement was inadequate in terms of its disclosure, but it was 13 also that it was seeking to confirm what we believe is an unconfirmable plan and the basis of those two 15 arguments has now shifted somewhat because TDPs have 16 been changed. We don't think the plan -- we don't think the issues have been resolved, but we need time 18 to analyze all of this and I will also state that I, 19 myself, sent very detailed emails on the disclosure 20 statement as it related to the TDPs and the trust agreement. I never got a response, other than I was 21 told by Ms. Posin they were passed on to the committee 23 and to the FCR for response. No responses were ever 24 received and we know that there are still some outstanding issues that Ms. Sarcasion raised over the

1 summertime regarding solicitation procedures and we 2 need time to review what has now occurred with this 3 disclosure statement and with the TDPs in order to 4 respond to ensure the due process is being met and to 5 ensure that this disclosure is adequate. It still only has a one-page statement 7 regarding the TDPs, which are the most important issue 8 to the claimant and now that the TDPs have been changed, and have a new process in them, I think that 10 time needs to be allotted to allow people to make 11 appropriate objections, as Your Honor noted. 12 objections are to a disclosure statement. That is no 13 longer the one that the Court is being asked. 14 So, I -- I apologize for jumping in before 15 Your Honor had a chance to ask for other parties who 16 don't want the continuance, but I just wanted to be 17 made very clear that the U.S. Trustee joins in the 18 request that tomorrow's hearing be adjourned. THE COURT: That's fine. The Offices was 19 20 invoked there. So, I guess, I am not surprised to 21 have you jump in. okay. I will hear from others who 22 have something non-duplicative to say to what Ms. 23 Posin said with respect to the need to go forward tomorrow in light of where we are.

Okay. Then, let me hear from whoever -- is

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1 this Mr. Schiavoni? Did you file the motion? 2 MR. SCHIAVONI: Your Honor, I did file the 3 motion, but I did coordinate with the other parties. 4 It's my understanding that substantially all of the objectives join us. We -- J&J, Cypress, Tort claimant 6 constituency represented by the Pachulski Stang firm 7 and not a quote, "couple of insurers," but the -- a 8 significant number, like, more than a dozen -- more than a dozen, perhaps two dozen insurers joined in the 10 application, but just to get right to the core of 11 really what I think you might want to consider here is 12 that the TDP was -- the TDP that was filed on 13|September 10th in order to get this deadline was at its 14 core a placeholder. The only thing it said about the 15|J&J indemnity was that -- was that there was a J&J 16 protocol order, which is entirely now factitious. There was not. So, the briefing you have in front of you from all of us are about something that doesn't even exist. 20 With respect to the Class 4 claims, it was 21 represented to you as if they're exclusively asbestos (indiscernible) injury claims, but they're not. 23 claims of all of the objectors are grouped into this same class, Class 4, as, quote, "Indirect" Talc 25 claims. Some in substance of the TDP disclosure on

1 September 10th was that procedures will be developed in 2 the future to address the liquidation of those claims. 3 That's a placeholder by its very nature. So, what you 4 have now is you have (indiscernible) in front of you 5 that deal with those issues that aren't -- that are 6 completely not before us now. I -- you know, I think good briefs end up with good decisions. We can try to go forward tomorrow, but, you know, what we're going to get is really a, sort of, very one-sided story with 10 the Court not having the benefit of briefing explaining really what the issues are before it. 12 The summary statements of what the -- what 13 even the objections are present the entire matter in 14 such a bizarrely one-sided way. The list of objections 15 that are listed as, quote, "objections to the TDPs" 16 for instance, don't even list objections by our clients in them. In the -- in the -- in the list, the chart's main objections, there's a statement just that our objections on TDPs are premature. This is not useful briefing and it's not something that we've had an opportunity to respond to and we're not the only 21 ones here. I think the Court -- it's going to be a very inefficient process for the Court to have to address this, sort of, on a rolling basis. 25 I'd also just like to suggest -- you know,

1 in conclusion, just to respond to one thing. 2 notion that somehow the debtor, nobody reached out to 3 the debtor. I mean, if nothing else is clear, our 4 clients have written the debtor, asked for drafts of 5 the documents, asked to participate in negotiation of 6 the plan and the TDPs. We've been completely and totally locked out. The notion that we haven't called is just completely wrong. We have written, we've written multiple times, we asked to participate. 10 So, this is a -- this is a plan that was 11|filed yesterday that we never saw before. We didn't 12 have any input on. We didn't get an opportunity to 13 negotiate or participate in and the reason for that, 14 not just for us, but many of the other objectives 15 here, including, I think you'll hear from J&J is that 16 it's been negotiated here are terms under which to liquidate in essence claims against us for which it's a completely one-sided discussion. 19 The TDP terms for how to liquidate a direct 20 claim say you -- you must file basically one-sentence 21 statement that you were exposed to Talc and have a one-sentence letter from a doctor, it's all it requires, saying that you -- you have some, sort of, disease, that's it, and you get paid under the matrix. 25 With respect to our claims under Class 4, it

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1 says we will develop a process in the future. -- this is a system here that it puts moral hazard 3 with capital M. So, Your Honor, we -- we just think 4 that the much more efficient way to deal with this is 5 to put this off, allow the briefing. There should be 6 substantive input from us in a way to try to reach 7 some, sort of, resolution, but if you just have a group of tort claimants designing a scheme to allow and value their claims, you're going to get a result 10 that's just fundamentally wrong. Thank you, Your 11 Honor. 12 THE COURT: Thank you. Let me hear from any 13 other parties who wish to adjourn the disclosure 14|statement again to the extent not duplicative of what 15 Mr. Schiavoni has already argued. 16 MS. BERKOVICH: Yes, Your Honor. 17 Ronit Berkovich from Weil Gotshal for Johnson and 18 Johnson. Okay. So, the debtors filed overnight on 19 Monday and into yesterday morning a new plan of 20 reorganization, a new disclosure statement, new TDPs, and a new proposed (indiscernible) solicitation order 21 and black lines of all of the -- of all of those 23 documents total hundreds and hundreds of pages. Importantly, J&J never received drafts of any of those 25 documents before they were filed.

1 With the limited time we've had to review, it appears at a minimum, and very contrary to what Ms. 3 Posin said that there are drastic changes to the 4 treatment of J&J's indemnity, which impacts both J&J and they impact all Class 4 claimants, this includes 6|both the direct Talc claimants in the class and the indirect Talc claimants in the class, like, J&J and the plan otherwise modifies other issues that will impact J&J and other parties in the trust. 10 I will get to these, but I think some 11 background is helpful for this status conference. the debtors are rushing to have the amended disclosure 13|statement be approved tomorrow, but fundamentally J&J 14 has not been provided enough time to review, analyze, object to, and be heard on these new documents. 16 What's especially frustrating to us objectors is that each of these changes presumably could have and should 18 have been made well before Tuesday and immediately 19 after the Court denied J&J's lift stay motion two 20 weeks ago. That would've given us at least a little time to review, ask questions, file objections, if appropriate, but that fact that these documents were 23 not filed until after the objection deadline suggests 24 that the debtors, we believe under the influence of 25 the TCC and FCR, are intentionally seeking to

1 steamroll this plan over legitimate objections or at 2 the very least they don't care that that's the effect 3 of what they're doing, but process matters, erroneous 4 matters and we believe that the process here is 5 systematic of the larger issues we complained about 6 from the very beginning, lack of fairness and lack of 7 transparency. 8 One issue Your Honor heard at the stay 9 hearing is that J&J went -- Mr. Schiavoni's clients, a 10 major player in this case, has been left out of plan 11 negotiations entirely and it seems the same for other objectors, the group represented by Ms. Davis-Jones. 13 You know, as -- you know, we think the debtor's 14 counsel should reach out to parties that raise their 15 hands with issues on the disclosure statements, not 16 wait for them to -- to call and Your Honor did ask the debtor's counsel at the stay hearing about our 18 allegations that J&J's been left out of the 19 negotiations and Ms. Posin's response was telling. 20 She answered that, Yes, they've had negotiations with J&J over the stay order, but really, that's it. 21 22 There's been zero negotiations with J&J over the plan 23 itself or any of the associated plan documents and, 24 again, very frustrating because since shortly after 25|the case was filed, since Spring of 2019, we've been,

you know, sending them letters saying please talk to 2 us, please negotiate with us and not focus solely on 3 the TCC and FCR and we were told repeatedly that they 4 would do that after they reached a deal with the TCC 5 and the FCR. We just had to sit tight and wait. So, 6 we did that and they did reach a deal sometime in the Spring of 2020 and they filed a plan, but even still, 8 there's been no negotiations with J&J and that first plan was filed in May.

10 To the contrary, when we said please talk to 11 us now, the -- the -- the debtor said that they agreed 12 with the TCC and FCR, that they would be literally 13 forbidden from having negotiations with J&J without 14 the presence of the TCC and FCR. That is 15 unprecedented, at least in the experience of those of 16 us from Weil who worked on this case and that includes 17 Marsha Goldstein (phonetic), who retired earlier this 18 year after working as a restructuring attorney for over 44 years. It's really shocking.

The debtor should be fiduciary for all --21 fiduciaries for all creditors, including indirect Talc 22 claimants like J&J and they should never be prohibited 23 from engaging in discussions with creditors and other parties. Instead, and we've said this from the 25|beginning, the debtors have locked themselves in with

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1 the TCC and FCR. Those are fiduciaries who represent only direct claimants and we believe strongly debtors 3 have given them a blank check to write their own 4 inflated claim amount in an attempt to confirm a claim quickly that gets their parents, the debtors parents, 6 (indiscernible) off the hook for any liability. 7 know, that's the dirty deal that we speak about and then the point is to foist responsibility for those inflated values on third parties like J&J and the 10 insured. 11 Their failure to engage with J&J has had consequences both large and small and here's just one 13 example. Before the objection deadline on the first disclosure statement, so, we're talking June, you know, we've had issues with the disclosure statement. So, we've asked them for a word version of this disclosure statement and we sent them a markup. 18 are some changes that we suggest you put input into 19 the disclosure statement to resolve our 20 disclosure-related objections. We never heard anything from them. Instead, they file with their 21 22 reply a new disclosure statement, a black line, that 23 did have some of our changes, but not all of them, 24 and, so, -- oh, we in our objection had to file the 25|black line ourselves, instead of negotiating with the

debtor. So -- and, you know, they have yet to negotiate with us and all of the comments that we have 3 on the disclosure statement.

4 Now, as the Court may know, I represent many 5 debtors and that's just not the way we typically deal 6 with disclosure statement objections. We reach out to 7|parties, we negotiate with them, especially when there 8 are language objections to the disclosure statement. You know, we try to resolve and narrow as many of 10|these disclosure issues as possible before we file a 11 revised disclosure statement and that certainly eases 12 the burden on the Court so the Court doesn't have to 13|sit there in Court and have us to line and line over 14 the words that we suggest be added to the disclosure 15 statements that the debtor refuses to add and I really 16 don't mean to disparage debtor's counsel here.

Both firms are excellent and I've had good 18 experiences with them and one thing I will say for 19 them is that they are generally available for calls to 20 answer questions when we have questions, but they 21 refuse to negotiate with us, even on simple issues, 22 like language for disclosure statement and, you know, 23 it seems like they just have their hands tied because 24 of their agreement with the TCC and FCR and, again, 25 they're (indiscernible) focused attention here on

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getting channeling injunction for the parents and that seems to their --- their sole goal from the beginning 3 of the case.

4 It really is baffling to us why they couldn't send us a draft of a current version of the 6 plan of disclosure statement immediately following the 7 stay hearing or at least call us up to let us know big picture about the changes they were going to make to the plan structure, which again that I'll get to in a 10 minute. You know, we thought we heard the Court say 11 loud and clear a few weeks ago that the debtors should 12 negotiate the parties about this new plan that 13 everyone knew they were going to file and we expected 14 those documents to be filed within days of the stay 15 hearing and we expected this disclosure statement 16 hearing scheduled for October 8th to be moved in light of all of the changes needed, but, again, no such 18 thing occurred and Mr. Schiavoni touched on this 19 briefly, but I do think it's worth noting that the --20 that all of this and the lateness of the debtor's 21 filing makes existing briefing much less useful and creates huge inefficiencies for the Court.

For J&J alone, three different objections 24 has been filed for disclosure statement and some 25|issues in each of them are moot now and some are still

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1 live and we definitely don't agree with the debtors 2 chart, which gives the debtor's opinion as to what in 3 our objections are moot and which issues are -- are 4 not and, so, to prepare for this hearing tomorrow, the 5 Court would have to review each of J&J's three 6 objections and then even then the Court would not have $7 \mid a \mid complete \mid view \mid of J&J's \mid position because, of course,$ 8 those three filed objections do not address J&J's very strong objections, which I will get to, to the new 10 issues raised in a very different plan that was filed 11 Monday night. 12 So, right now, the Court has something, 13 like, three objections and joinders in front of it and 14 many cases from -- a lot of them are from the same objectors and that's a lot. Thirty objections is a 16 lot for a disclosure statement hearing. So, it -that, kind of, briefing is not only inefficient for 18 the Court, it's unfair to the parties. You know, the 19 debtor's haven't complied for the new documents they 20 filed with the 28 days-notice required by the 21 bankruptcy rules. Like, we literally can't file an 22 objection to the disclosure statement that was filed 23 overnight Monday. You know, the debtor already filed 24 their reply. Two days is hardly enough time to 25|adequately assess how these filings will impact J&J's

1 interest.

2 To get the cases back on track, we suggest 3 the following and we think the Court should order or 4 at least strongly suggest that the debtor's whole 5 negotiating sessions with each of the objectors 6 regarding our issues to the disclosure statement of 7 plan to try to narrow the issues as much as possible 8 and I am not talking mediation here or something I am just saying talk to us, negotiate with 10 us, try to solve our issues. We may not end up 11 agreeing on everything, we probably won't, but at 12 least we'll narrow the issues before the Court. 13 Perhaps the Court can tell the debtor and 14 the other state fiduciaries that the debtors can no 15 longer be prohibited from having discussions with any 16 partying interest in this case without the presence of the TCC and FCR. After that, the debtors can file a 18 new plan of disclosure statement. Parties can have 28 days to object to the new plan of disclosure statement 20 and we can use those 28 days to further engage in 21 negotiations and something else we can try to work out 22 during this period is a timeline for confirmation 23 discovery and a briefing schedule. You know, we 24 haven't really touched on those, but we think that the

25 timeline that they're seeking and the new solicitation

order they filed is way too short and that, you know,
and that, you know, why don't we try to -- they
haven't -- again, agreed with us or negotiated with us
or engaged with us over what a briefing schedule and
discovery schedule looks like. So, we think they
should do that and then we would come before the Court
if we can't reach agreement.

8 All of that we think would set the case back on course at least a little bit. Through all of this, 10 the debtors have made and will make two big points to 11 pushback. First, they've said that the hundreds of pages they filed this week contained only minor tweaks 13 to what was already on file. Simply not true and I will get to that. Second, they say that time is of 15 the essence here, they can't afford to delay and on 16 that issue, although I have some sympathy, they really have created this mess themselves and it's not a good enough reason to trample on party's rights or send this case careening towards confirmation when multiple parties, including the United States Trustee, have raised major concern regarding the conduct of plan negotiation, moral hazard, and the proposed TDPs and I 23 am sure it may be that the Court hasn't reviewed the 24 three or so objections yet, but I will highlight the one that the United States Trustee filed from last

1 week because it raises very significant issues about 2 the TDPs that we believe the Court will be concerned 3 about. Okay. 4 So, there are three different plans on file.

5 The first plan when the debtors filed in May appeared 6 to address the indemnity by letting it ride through 7 and the trust would deal with it later. It's not entirely clear, but that appeared to be the gist of it.

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10 The second plan, the one the debtors filed 11 in August, incorporated that whole J&J protocol order 12|structure where the debtors were essentially asking 13 the Court to rewrite the J&J indemnity agreement to 14 provide more favorable terms for the debtors and 15 plaintiffs and force J&J to take those into the Tort 16 system. I think the debtors realized that that structure was unenforceable, not confirmable, and they 18 dropped it after the stay hearing.

The third plan, the one filed on Monday 20 night, appears in its face to be close to the first 21 version and that's what Ms. Posin said, "It's just 22 what we had before," but it's really not. It's 23 actually a bizarre hybrid of the two plans. Again, 24 the plan itself seems to provide plain vanilla 25|treatment to the Class 4 claims. They're rushing them

1 to the TDPs where presumably there would be some table 2 with values and the indemnity in this case would be 3 explicit -- was explicitly transferred to the trust, 4 but all the actions in the TDPs, the debtors filed 5 yesterday. There -- and this is totally new, it appears that claimants who claims injuries from J&J products, 8 they call these indemnified claims, are given an option, they call it an election, to either submit 10 their claims to the trust or pursue claims against the 11 debtors in the Tort system based on the, quote, "J&J 12 indemnity" and, again, the TDPs are less than clear 13 here, but they suggest that J&J will (indiscernible) 14 the debtors with respect to claims where claimants 15 elect to pursue their claims in the Tort system and 16 that, you know -- more problematic for us that if the claimants obtain judgment against the debtors, that 18 J&J will pay it, but the plan can't force an 19 involuntary defense objection on J&J. The agreements 20 themselves, the indemnity agreements, nowhere require J&J to (indiscernible) the defense themselves. 22 Instead, they give the J&J the option to take over the 23 defense, not a mandate and there's been no judgment or 24 order requiring J&J to defend the debtors against such

25 claims.

1 You know, the plan also can't force such a 2 broad open-ended and unproven indemnification 3 obligation on J&J. You know, J&J recognizes here that 4 it may have some indemnity obligations for some years, 5 but the scope of those indemnification obligations is 6 sharply disputed and in addition, J&J has made it clear that it believes in a very strong defense as to the indemnity. So, we previously voluntarily offered terms under which J&J would agree to indemnify all of 10 the Talc claims to avoid, you know, what we call the dirty deal inflated values that are agreed to by the parties as a result of the moral hazard and imposed 13 the J&J, but the debtors rejected our offer and the Court denied our stay motion that contained the offer. 15 For J&J now to be responsible for 16 indemnifying the debtors under the 1989 agreement for a judgment entered in Tort system in favor of a particular plaintiff, there would be need to be a 19 determination of the specific judgment claim falls 20 within the scope of that indemnity and the answer 21 might be different for different claims and as we said 22 over and over again, to the extent that any of these 23 claims pursue serious based on asbestos, J&J believes 24 it has a complete defense indemnity and it's also the 25|case of course that J&J indemnity only covers certain

years, yet the TDP appears to have J&J fully 2 indemnified immersed in the Tort system for all of the 3 indemnified claims and we also believe in any of the 4 disputes about the scope of the indemnity should be 5 | heard by Court in Vermont, which would determine 6 whether J&J is responsible under the indemnity 7 agreement. 8 So, back to the TDPs and the new ones that 9 were filed, these indemnified Class 4 claimants, they 10 get to make an election, they become either a trust 11 election claimant or a Tort system election claimant 12 because they have new concepts and new TDPs, never 13 been in there before, and the ones that make election 14 assume that the J&J takes over this defense, which 15 again is a flawed assumption without any agreement 16 from J&J or some court determination that J&J has 17 (indiscernible). 18 So, even though there's great uncertainly by 19 J&J's indemnity obligations under the -- you know, 20 they're giving these claimants the rights under the 21 TDP to make an election to go to the Tort system or go 22 to the trust when they get a lower recovery, but the 23 fact that they may not get anything from the Tort 24 system because of J&J's defenses is a risk factor

25|that's absent from the disclosure statement and beyond

1 providing an odd and uninformed choice for Tort 2 claimants, this is highly prejudicial to J&J. 3 permits plaintiff's lawyers to pick their best claims 4 for the Tort system and leave their weaker claims to 5 recover from the already inflated claim numbers in the It's the worst of all worlds and, again, this election is a totally new concept in the TDP filed early Thursday morning. 9 So, more importantly for today, it leaves 10 open the question, how does this all work? Don't look 11 at the disclosure statement for answers because this 12|major change to the treatment of the only impaired 13 class under the plan is not in there. It's probably 14 the most important issue to creditors. It goes to the 15 heart of their discovery, but the disclosure statement 16 doesn't contain a single sentence explaining this election concept or what it means to be a trust 18 election claimant versus a Tort system election 19 claimant. If a disclosure statement should do anything, it should at the very least explain to 21 creditors what they're getting under a plan and this disclosure statement does no such thing. 23 In fact, we think that the plan of 24 disclosure statement as currently written actually 25 conflicts with the TDPs as they're written. You know,

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1 Section 2.1A of the disclosure statements states that
 2 following the effective date of the plan, Talc
 3 Personal Injury claimants may not continue to pursue
 4 the claims against the debtors. Again, totally
 5 contrary to the TDP within the elect to do so and the
 6 \mid same thing with certain language in the plan that I --
 7 that I can get to, but I know that I have been
  speaking for a long time.
 9
             So, the disclosure statement is misleading
10 and lacks adequate information because it
11 mischaracterizes the plan and the TDP. Now, maybe the
12 debtors will say that I am misunderstanding the TDPs.
13 It's not the way it works, but if I misunderstand
14 them, how are creditors supposed to understand them?
15 You know, this all proves the point of needing more
16 time to understand, to adjust, to negotiate of asking
  parties such as J&J the opportunity to pile objections
18 to this fundamentally new plan structure and it will
19 give the debtors time to craft disclosure that
20 actually describes to creditors what they're going to
  receive under the plan.
21
22
             You know, Susan mentioned insurance
23 neutrality. The way that insurance neutrality is
24 written for J&J is totally new. We haven't had time
25|to adjust it. On first blush, it looks like it's --
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1 it's -- it's -- it's not adequate and you hear the 2 insurers telling you that its not adequate for them. 3 I mean, if insurance neutrality was perfect, you 4 wouldn't hear us objecting, right, because we wouldn't 5 be worried about the effect of these inflated values 6 on us. So, that's not the way we feel. 7 So, the second issue that Ms. Posin raised is timing. Well, they knew to move quickly. There's 9|been no time to slow down and do things right, but as 10|I noted, the timing is an issue of their own doing. 11 You know, since the beginning of the case, not only 12|has J&J sought to participate in negotiations, you 13 know, we've also sought discovery relevant to the 14 plan, but the debtors consistently gave us 15 (indiscernible). Since Spring of 2019, our letters 16 asked for information relevant to the most important 17 issue in this case, which is the ultimate claim value 18 and we were told that it was premature. So, Your Honor may remember that J&J filed a 19 20 2004 motion, you know, back in June of 2019 and Your 21 Honor heard it in July of 2019, which, again, more 22 than a year ago. When the debtor's opposed the motion 23 at that time and made the argument that it was 24 premature for us to seek this information, even though 25|it was the same information that was being shared with

1 the TCC and the FCR and "Don't worry, once the plan is 2 filed, you'll get all of the information that you 3 need." Well, that plan was filed in May and we're 4 still waiting on this information and, you know, we 5 expressed concerns to the Court at that time, but the 6 debtors have tried to jam us -- confirmation and not 7 give us the information we need with sufficient time 8| for our experts that we've hired to analyze the data and the debtors assured us that waiting for the plan 10 filing would not lead to such a result. Well, we're 11 here. 12

Unfortunately, J&J will have to bring these 13 discovery issues before the Court in the near term 14 because as hard as we're trying, it doesn't appear 15 that we'll resolve these issues and Mr. Tsekerides may 16 at the end of this want to address the Court how it 17 wishes to hear the discovery issues, but this also impacts the timing.

We need this information. This is basic 20 information that's required to analyze whether the 21 values they put in the TDPs really are inflated, but 22 the debtors are refusing to provide it and they're 23 making up excuses, frankly, that don't make sense to 24 us and further our suspicions about being controlled 25|by the TCC and FCR instead of being fiduciaries for

19

1 all parties.

2 As to the overall timing recently in denying 3 the stay motion, Your Honor stated that certainly 4 discovery is going to be permitted with respect to 5 plan-related issues and the Court would proceed along 6 a pace that makes sense and perhaps, you know, there 7 needs to be a pause. Well, even though the 8 confirmation timing isn't before the Court at this time, we think it's worth raising now and perhaps getting some guidance from the Court before the 11 debtors file in some, sort of, revised schedule. 12 So, to be clear, the deadlines that they put 13 in the revised solicitation order are way shorter than 14 the deadlines that they put in the same documents they 15 filed in May. The confirmation objections are due 30 16 days less time and the confirmation hearing is, like, a month and a half sooner. So, the timing between the 18 approval of the disclosure statement and those two 19 dates and they may try to justify this and I think 20 they do this a little bit in their reply by saying 21 that, "Well, there's been some discovery that's taken place since the initial plan was filed. So, we can 23 have a shorter deadline," but we have not received the 24 discovery that relates to the key issue in the case. 25|The one that generally leads to a confirmation

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1 schedule for a mass Tort hearing being longer than a
 2 standard Chapter 11 case, which is the settlement
 3 history and other related documents that underlie the
  claim values.
 5
            So -- so, just a couple of more points about
 6 timing.
           You know, one of the cases the debtors cite
  in their reply in the Court of their --
 8
            THE COURT: I haven't read the reply --
 9
            MS. BERKOVICH: Okay.
10
            THE COURT: -- and I haven't thought about
11 the timing yet.
12
            MS. BERKOVICH:
                             Okay.
13
            THE COURT: So, I think I've heard enough on
14 whether we need to go forward tomorrow. Is there any
15 objector who possibly has anything to say that's not
16 duplicate of what Ms. Berkovich said with respect to
17 the timing issue?
18
            MS. DAVIS-JONES: Your Honor, this is Laura
19 Davis-Jones with Pachulski Stang Ziehl and Jones on
20 behalf of Arnold and Itkin LLP. Your Honor, we did
21 file a joinder last night and I appreciate the
22 comments that have been made by counsel and I will not
23 duplicate those. Your Honor, the only point I wanted
24 to emphasis is, you know, obviously you hear the
25|frustration, we share it. We do think we need more
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40
1 time here.
 2
            Your Honor, we would ask that the TCC, the
 3 FCR, the debtor, or some set of them be encouraged or
 4 may be directed to meet with us and provide
 5 information and to negotiate with us as well. Thank
 6 you, Your Honor.
 7
            THE COURT: Ms. Jones, I did not see what
 8 was filed last night. Who was your client?
 9
            MS. DAVIS-JONES: Your Honor, Arnold and
10 Itkin LLP. They represent thousands of the Talc
11 ovarian cancer personal injury claimants. We only
12 filed --
13
            THE COURT:
                        Thank you.
14
            MS. DAVIS-JONES: Thank you, Your Honor.
15 just filed a two-page joinder and that's been covered.
16 Thank you.
17
            THE COURT:
                        Thank you. Anyone else?
18
            MR. HEATH: Your Honor, Paul Heath on behalf
19 of Cyprus Amax Minerals Company and Cyprus Mines
20 Corporation. We didn't file a formal joinder last
21 night, but we do support the requests for an
22 adjournment. Indeed in our -- I believe it was our
23 third supplemental objection we filed yesterday -- or
24 Monday, we did previous to the Court what we thought
25 would be the need for an adjournment. So, at this
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1 point, just wanted to go on the record and make the
 2 Court aware that we do formally join in the request
 3 for adjournment.
 4
            THE COURT: Thank you. Anyone else?
 5
            MR. SILVERBERG: Your Honor, it's Bennett
 6 Silverberg on behalf of the ad hoc plaintiff's group.
 7 To the extent that the -- that the debtors and TCC are
  going to be directed to negotiate with anybody, we
  would like to be included amongst the parties that
10 they engage with.
11
            THE COURT: Thank you. Anyone else?
12
            MR. SILVERBERG: Thank you, Your Honor.
13
            THE COURT:
                        I want to come back to Ms.
14 Posin. Ms. Posin, I keep hearing over and over that
15 the debtors are not negotiating with parties because
16 the FCC or the future claimants representatives have
17 mandated it; is that true?
18
            MS. POSIN: No.
                             I will say. We have -- I
19 am a little bit befuddled because we have had
20 communications. I mean, we went to mediation with
21 J&J, we went to mediation with Cyprus. We are
22 involved in mediation with Cyprus. We went to
23 mediation with Rio, Tinto and Zurich. We are engaged
24 in mediation with Excel (phonetic). We are probably
25|going to engage in mediation with a couple of other
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1 insurers, including some of the movants here today. So, I am little befuddled by that. 3 Certainly, there were discussions at the You know, this is a 524G plan. I know this outset. 5 Court is well aware in order to confirm a 524G plan, 6 we have to have 75 percent acceptance rate, which is a 7 high rate, and, so, typically in a 524G case, you will 8 have to have negotiations with the committee that represents the direct Talc claimants and reach an 10 agreement with them, so, that they can deliver, if you 11 will, that vote. So, we have -- we did spend a fair amount of 12 13 time at the beginning of this case negotiating with 14 the -- the TCC and the FCR as well as ultimately a parent and we reached an agreement that was filed that 16 was included in the plan that was filed in May. 17 As part of that discussion, the parties 18 reached an agreement that it made sense to -- while we -- we reached an agreement, I think it's public 20 knowledge at this point, in early March. J&J filed 21 their stay relief motion later in March and we had already reached the deal in principle and it took us six weeks to fully paper that deal and to file the amended plan disclosure statement on May 15th. 25 So, that took some time. We do not believe

1 that at that point in time that it made sense after we 2 had already reached a deal in principle after 3 negotiating for over a year to, kind of, rejigger that 4 and bring in new parties and try to revise that while 5 we were still negotiating the original terms that had, 6 you know -- that had been agreed to in principle. 7 So, no, we certainly have had conversations 8 with all of these various parties. There is a lot of 9 discovery outstanding. I understand from Ms. 10|Berkovich they haven't gotten everything they want. 11 That's frankly not unusual. We have provided a fair 12 amount of information that we believe we can provide. 13 They have requested things that are very clearly 14 covered by mediation privilege as we discussed. They 15 can bring those issues into Court and we're happy to 16 brief them as appropriate, but we are continuing that 17 dialogue. We would love to have an agreement with 18 everybody, as I said before. It has been a difficult 19 process to get to where we are with the planned 20 proponents. 21 I heard Ms. Berkovich and I think Mr. 22 Schiavoni say, you know, "The Court entered that order 23 on -- on September 25th, why didn't they have a 24 disclosure statement the next day?" Your Honor, we're 25 dealing with four planned proponents, including a

1 committee of 11 members, a future claimants 2 representative and 300 and so non-debtor 3 (indiscernible) entities and that 10 day period is 4 over two weekends and the Jewish holidays. We filed 5 that amended plan disclosure statement as soon as we 6 possibly could on Monday. We are not playing games, 7 we are not trying to jam people. We are trying to get this case moved forward, point blank. 9 As far as the neutrality provisions, we 10 believe that the insurers -- the language in the 11 (indiscernible) that I noted for the insurers are exactly what Mr. Schiavoni has gotten in other cases 13 for his clients exactly what has been done in many 14 other 524G cases in the Third Circuit. It's identical 15 language and that's been in the -- in the -- in the 16 planned disclosure statement since May. If they don't like it, fine, that's a confirmation issue, it's not a 18 disclosure statement issue. Ms. Berkovich just did a very eloquent 19 20 argument, but she basically just argued the disclosure 21 statement today. She told you she's not ready, she 22 needs more time. I think I just heard her entire 23 argument and she sounds like she was very well versed 24 in the changes that have been made and has responses

25 to all of them. So, it doesn't seem to me that

there's additional time needed for disclosure. 2 Yes, I am hearing everybody say we need more 3 time for confirmation, we need time for more 4 discovery, but the confirmation issue can be dealt with after the disclosure statement hearing. THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. I am not sure 7 I heard a direct answer to my first question, but I 8 will accept the answer that was given. The -- so, 9 here's where we are. I would agree that Ms. Berkovich 10 is perfectly capable of arguing the disclosure 11 statement, she just did, but I am not perfectly capable of hearing it and it is not a -- and it's not 13 a comment on whether the debtor could have filed its 14 amended plan sooner or not, given the logistics 15 necessary to do it, the intervening holidays, 16 etcetera. It's a question -- it's a matter -- it's just a fact that revised documents were filed 18 apparently late Monday night and I have objections 19 that do not go to that disclosure statement and in 20 fact as Mr. Berkovich pointed out and as I noted as we 21 were taking a look at the agenda, I probably have 22 three objections from each objector that incorporate 23 back their objections to other plans that are not in 24 front of me and where I would have to try to figure 25|out what is still relevant and what isn't relevant and

1 I am not in a position to do that in a day and to be prepared to -- to comment on the adequacy of this 3 disclosure statement. 4 The -- and I think other parties are entitled to see the finished product and comment on it 6 and some parties haven't been able to see it and didn't see it before yesterday and they should be 8 entitled to comment on it now. Whether it's the same as the May plan, I don't know because I didn't read 10 the May plan because it wasn't in front of me. 11 have no idea whether it's the same or not but I also 12 don't think parties should have to be preparing off of 13 three different disclosure statements and plans. 14 So, I am going to postpone the hearing 15 (indiscernible) to timing and I would like in the 16 meantime for the parties who are filing an objection, although this is more work for them, but I am hearing 18 they want it, to in fact provide me one objection per objecting party that has all of their objections to 20 the current plan and -- to the current disclosure 21 statement in one document. 22 We have a hearing --23 UNIDENTIFIED FEMALE: I think the next 24 hearing is November 16th. That's the sale hearing. 25 THE COURT: Yes. We have a hearing on

1 November 16th. So, we're going to continue disclosure 2 statement to November 16th. I would like objections 3 filed -- well, let me work back from that. I would 4 like the reply filed by the 9th. So, I would like 5 objections filed on the 26th. That should give 6 everyone time to read the new documents; synthesis 7 your objections; target me on real disclosure 8 statement objections, not confirmation objections 9|please; and that should give -- then the two weeks in 10|between should give the debtors time to see if there 11 can be agreement on language for the disclosure 12|statement and I recognize there -- you may have 300 13 non -- 300 affiliated people and others to check with, 14 but they need to move quickly. 15 As for discussions, of course the parties 16|should be talking. I don't see why I should have to 17 order that. If there are any constraints that three 18 people have to be in the room before the debtors can 19 have discussions, then those three people better be in 20 the room. I don't know why that's necessary, if it is, and Ms. Posin, you made an interesting comment 21 22 about how the fact that you didn't think that the -- I 23 think you said you didn't think that parties with 24 indirect Talc payments were going to get to vote on 25 the plan. I don't understand that comment.

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1 that's going to be part of procedures that are going
  to be put in front of me for approval on
 3 (indiscernible), then I am going to need to understand
 4
  that.
 5
            MS. POSIN: And I apologize, Your Honor.
 6 The comment was just meant to be -- I don't think any
  of those claims are liquidated. Certainly those folks
 8 have an opportunity to file 30:18 (phonetic) motion
 9 and that's what's permissible under, you know, the
10 (indiscernible) procedures for indirect Talc
  claimants. So, that -- that was the comment.
12
            I don't otherwise see how that would work
13 and I think a lot of the indirect Talc claimants that
14 I've seen, the proofs of claims that have been filed
15 are protected and there aren't -- there aren't
  existing claims against the estate, but not
  (indiscernible) anybody. I am sure a few folks on
18 this call will tell me that that's not the case for
19 their client and we're happy to take a look at that,
20 but that's my general understanding.
21
            THE COURT: So, if we're going to have to
22 build in a 30:18 hearing into the confirmation process
23 timeline, then that's something that is going to have
24 to be considered with respect to the timeline.
25
            MS. POSIN: Understood. Your Honor, I just
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1 wanted to get -- I know the Court is very slammed. We 2 do have -- we did set the objection to J&J's claim for 3 November 16th. We also will probably be filing a DIP 4 motion to be heard on November 16th. I just wanted to 5 make sure the Court is going to have sufficient time 6 for all of those things and -- and -- and the sale 7 hearing, which -- which could be contested. 8 Obviously, we don't know that yet. So, I wanted just to make sure we have sufficient time on that date. 10 THE COURT: Okay. So, I have you down for 11 the 16th. I am going to cross out the 17th and keep that day open as well. 13 MS. POSIN: Thank you, Your Honor. 14 MS. RAMSEY: Your Honor, it's Natalie Ramsey 15 for the Tort Claimant Committee. I don't want to 16|speak out of order and I do not want to delay things and this really does not directly relate to the 18 scheduling that Your Honor is in the process of doing, 19 but I think the last question that you directed to Ms. 20 Posin caused me some concern because I don't want the 21 allegations that the Tort Claimant's Committee has 22 been unresponsive or unwilling to talk with really any 23 parties, but particularly the other represented Tort 24 claimants that have appeared is accurate at all. 25 had a meeting on the 29th of September most recently

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1 with the folks that are represented by Brown Rudnick.
 2 That meeting was a couple of weeks in the process of
 3 scheduling regarding the TDP. The claimants
 4 represented by the Chelsey (phonetic) firm were
 5 invited -- included on those communications. For
 6 whatever reason, they were -- they didn't end up
  participating in that call, but we have talked with
 8 them from time to time, in large part, you know,
  frankly, to say to them that the TDP would be coming
10 and we would be happy to talk with the -- the deal --
11 deal has landed. For whatever reason, that didn't
12|happen. So, the first time we knew that they were
13 expressing concerns they were expressing was really
14 yesterday, but I did want to assure the Court and the
15 Court knows we are -- recently we were in mediation
16 with J&J, we have tried to include Mr. Schiavoni and
17 mediation. We had -- Mr. Pollack (phonetic) reached
18 out to Mr. Schiavoni several times with respect to
19 executing confidentiality and protective orders and
20 that didn't happen, but we have been available, we
  remain available and it is our intention to continue
  to be available to talk with anyone that would like to
  talk with us about the TDP.
24
            THE COURT:
                        Thank you.
25
            MS. DAVIS-JONES: Your Honor, this is Laura
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1 Davis-Jones. If I may have just one moment just in 2 response to Ms. Ramsey (indiscernible) silence the 3 acquiescence. 4 Your Honor, I have a very different history of that. I am glad to hear Ms. Ramsey saying they now 6 will be available and willing to talk to us because up 7 until now it's been "Let's just see if the TDP gets 8 filed, there's too many people under the tent. 9 can't involve you, we cannot include you, we cannot 10 answer your questions," and then as recently as 11|shortly before this hearing, I was told by her partner 12 that our issues are all confirmation issues and we'll 13 have to deal with them then. 14 SO, I am very glad to hear that they are 15 willing to meet with us and -- other than just pick up 16 a phone and say, "We'd like to talk with you and really understand your frustration, but we have 18 nothing that we can give you." I am glad to hear now 19 that maybe they can and we will take them up on that 20 offer. Thank you, Your Honor. 21 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Let me say 22 this since we are lengthening the period on the 23 disclosure statement. There is not a need to wait 24 necessarily until disclosure statement hearing

25 approval for confirmation discovery certainly to be

offered by debtors and I say that because I am going
to permit a sufficient period of time for discovery of
confirmation issues and if the discovery doesn't start
until the confirmation -- until disclosure statements
been approved, then it's going to push it out, the
confirmation hearing schedule. There's no question
about that.

So, I understand there's outstanding

So, I understand there's outstanding
discovery requests. If the debtor chooses to go ahead
and respond and get a jumpstart on responding to the
requests, don't stand on ceremony and say we have to
wait until the disclosure statement is approved
because eventually, I assume some disclosure statement
is going to be approved, whether it's this one or some
modified one and eventually something is going to go
out, but from what I am understanding about the big
issues, they go to the TDPs and if the TDPs aren't
going to change, then there's really no basis to wait
for that discovery.

If the debtor chooses to wait to respond,
then we'll deal with that, but I see no reason why the
debtor can't get a jumpstart if he chooses, in
responding to discovery requests, certainly
outstanding discovery requests if the debtor deemed
were really confirmation issues.

1 MS. POSIN: And Your Honor, just on that 2 point, just to be clear, my -- my litigation partner 3 is on the line, but we have received a substantial 4 amount of discovery requests, at least from four or 5 more parties on this phone call today. We have 6 responded to all of those requests, we have served a 7 substantial amount of documents already. We are not 8 waiting, I assure you. Yes, there are some issues, there will always been in discovery and we are working 10 through those and we are (indiscernible) appropriate 11 and we will bring those issues -- other movants, the 12 parties seeking discovery will bring those issues 13|before the Court as needed. Hopefully that will not 14 happen, but we -- I wanted to assure you that we are 15 very much interested in moving forward with discovery 16 and we are pushing that along. 17 THE COURT: Okay. 18 MR. TSEKERIDES: Your Honor, Ted Tsekerides 19 for J&J. Picking up on that last point, we are going 20 to have some disputes that we know right now we are going to need to bring to your attention and from a process prospective, how -- how should do that that 23 would be best for the Court? Should we try to set up 24 a conference by telephone with chambers, should we $25 \mid$ send a letter, file a motion? What would be the best

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1 way to do that?
 2
            THE COURT: You should send a letter --
 3 well, you should file it on the docket and you should
 4 send it to chambers and after we receive the
 5 responses, which should be promptly, we'll set up a
 6 time, a telephone conference or a Zoom conference to
  hear it. No motion.
8
            MR. TSEKERIDES: Thank you very much.
 9
            THE COURT: No motion.
10
            MR. TSEKERIDES: Okay.
11
            THE COURT: One question on about what was
12|filed on Monday or Tuesday, whenever it was filed.
13 I've got a TDP and then I have a notice of filing of a
14 corrected revised TDP. I assume it's the correct
15 revised TDP that I should be looking at?
16
            MS. POSIN: That's right, Your Honor.
17 original document that was filed was cut off. It only
18 gets to Page 11. It didn't change, it just got --
19 there was an error in the filing.
20
                        Okay. Okay. So, the black
            THE COURT:
21 lines should still be good as well to the extent I go
22 to that?
23
            MS. POSIN: The black line is complete and
24 correct. Yes.
25
            THE COURT: Okay. Okay. I don't think I
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1 have any other questions. Any other business we can
2 do today? Okay. Thank you very much, counsel. We're
 3 adjourned.
 4
             UNIDENTIFIED FEMALE: Thank you, Your Honor.
            UNIDENTIFIED MALE: Thank you, Your Honor.
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 6
                 (Audio Recording Concluded.)
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